

TRIAL OF A. L. BISHOP

Charged With the Murder of
Thomas Wilson at Charlotte

WAS A PETERSBURG MAN

The Case Was Begun in Court at Char-
lotte Yesterday Before Judge Neal.

Eleven Jurors Were Secured.
Another Verdict Necessary.

(Special to The Times-Dispatch.)
CHARLOTTE, N. C., February 13.—
After an all day sitting of the court
only eleven jurors were selected to pass
upon the guilt or innocence of Arthur L.
Bishop, the young traveling man of Pe-
tersburg, who stands charged with the
murder of Thomas J. Wilson.

Bishop entered the court room at 10
o'clock this morning in charge of a de-
puty sheriff. He was accompanied by
his father, J. C. Bishop, of Petersburg,
who is a mail carrier in the Petersburg
postoffice. He spoke pleasantly to sev-
eral people he knew, and took his seat
directly in rear of his counsel. He is
looking exceedingly well. Jail confine-
ment has not seemingly had any bad
effect on his health.

Promptly at 10:30 o'clock Solicitor
Webb arose and read the warrant charg-
ing Bishop with the murder of Wilson,
and later notified the prisoner of his
rights in challenging the jurors as they
came to the box. Through all of this
Bishop maintained his self-composure.

Just as the name of the first juror was
called, Mrs. Wilson, widow of the dead
man; her daughter, Miss Ada Wilson,
and her ten-year-old son came inside of
the box of the court and took seats in
rear of the solicitor and counsel for the
State. Mrs. Wilson caught Bishop's eye
and burst into tears; the daughter, while
affected, did not show her grief as much
as the mother. Bishop sat unmoved,
talking to his father and occasionally
speaking with one of his lawyers.

Questions asked the members of the
special venire brought out the fact that
there existed in Mecklenburg a strong
feeling against Bishop. Thirty-five out
of eighty examined as to their compe-
tency to sit on the jury stated that
they had formed and expressed the opin-
ion that the prisoner was guilty of the
crime as charged in the bill of indict-
ment. Several stated that they had read
numerous newspaper accounts of Bish-
op's escapades, and did not think that
he could give him a fair trial in conse-
quence of this the entire venire was ex-
hausted before a jury was gotten.

Before adjourning this evening, Judge
Neal ordered the venire of twenty-
five men to select the twelfth juror.
The case will in all probability consume
all of Saturday, Monday and a portion
of Tuesday. Bishop's counsel are fight-
ing every inch of ground, and it is prob-
able that the case will be left to the
allotted weight in favor of the Vir-
ginian.

Bishop is represented by Messrs. Jones
& Tillett and T. C. Guthrie, and the
State by Solicitor J. L. Webb, E. T.
Canaler and Roy Kirkpatrick. Bishop's
wife is here, but was not in court. The
venue will rely on evidence going to
show that Bishop was in the vicinity of
the crime before Bishop offered to pull his
gun.

DURHAM JUBILANT

Optimists, Forgetful of Lawyers and
Courts, Already See the Union Depot.

(Special to The Times-Dispatch.)
DURHAM, N. C., February 13.—Durham
is jubilant over the status of the Fuller
bill, compelling the railroads to build a
union depot here, where there are some
so-called optimists who view the mag-
nificent structure in the dim light of the
future. The property on which it is pro-
posed to be built is by injunction in jeop-
ardy in the United States Court, and it
is not until a decision is reached by the
Supreme Court of the United States, tak-
ing possibly ten years before a final de-
cision is reached. The consensus of opin-
ion is that if the matter was withdrawn
from the courts by the use of the Fuller
bill, and left without legal interfer-
ence, the railroads and town could soon
effect an adjustment and give the town
the union depot, but if this is done sev-
eral lawyers will lose large present and
prospective fees.

Durham has twenty saloons, each pay-
ing a tax-State, city and county of \$625
a year. Most of them have fixtures cost-
ing from \$500 to \$1,000, and are much
excited over the favorable report yester-
day of the legislative committee on the
London bill. The saloon men are nerv-
ous over the outcome.

Deputy Collector S. F. Satterfield de-
stroyed two "moonshine" stills in the
northern part of the county yesterday—
one of sixty gallons and the other of forty
gallon capacity. He has been breaking up
numerous stills in that section during the
past twelve months, but for every one he
destroys it appears two arise from their
ashes.

AT WILMINGTON

General Adna R. Chaffee is Inspecting
Fort Caswell.

(Special to The Times-Dispatch.)
WILMINGTON, N. C., February 13.—
Major-General Adna R. Chaffee, U. S. A.,
commanding the Department of the East,
arrived last night from Charleston and
will go down the river to Fort Caswell
tomorrow to inspect the army post there.
General Chaffee comes here from Char-
leston, where he inspected Fort Getty, Sulli-
van's Island, to-day. Leaving Wilmington
Saturday, he will continue northward, hav-
ing inspected every army post from New
Orleans. General Chaffee is third in com-
mand in the United States army, ranking
after General Nelson A. Miles and Major-
General Young. The inspection is the regu-
lar annual one. The inspection last year
was made by General John M. Schofield.

Timber men are very much annoyed on
the various streams above Wilmington by
timber pirates. They frequently cut a
man in two and saw him in half, then
put down the river and claim that the
property was found afloat. The timber
men are much exercised over this criminal
practice, and they have resolved to pun-
ish all timber pirates that they may catch
by law.

THREE DROWNED

Two Vessels Go Down in North Caro-
lina Waters.

(Special to The Times-Dispatch.)
WASHINGTON, N. C., February 13.—
During the heavy gale of Thursday night
the shipper "Mancos" was captured in Swan
Quarter Bay. Captain Robert West-
cott, master, and two white men were
drowned. Reports are conflicting, but one
is that five negroes of the boat's crew
were also drowned.

The same evening, in Pamlico River, off

Port Point, two miles distant from the
city, the schooner "Father and Son" was
sunk. The crew, two in number, were
saved. In the cabin is the corpse of the
captain, containing \$3. The services of
John M. Edwards, submarine diver, have
been secured, and an effort is being made
to raise the "Father and Son."

IN FAYETTEVILLE

Proposition Advanced to Levy a Special
School Tax.

(Special to The Times-Dispatch.)
FAYETTEVILLE, N. C., February 13.—
Yesterday the trustees of the city grad-
ed schools, together with their leading
citizens and property owners, held a
meeting for the purpose of drafting a
bill for submission to the Legislature,
calling an election in May next to vote
on the proposition of levying a special
tax in Cross Creek Township (Fayette-
ville) for the support of the graded schools,
and also for authority to issue \$10,000 in
bonds to be expended in the purchase of
the buildings now occupied by the
graded schools, their proper equipment,
etc. The tax proposed is to be at the
rate of twenty-five cents on every \$100
of real property, and seventy-five cents
on the poll, with a provision for setting
aside \$500 annually as a sinking fund
for payment of the bonds at maturity,
and another \$500 to meet the interest.
The Board of Trustees is to be reorgan-
ized, and is to consist of eleven mem-
bers—one from each of the seven wards
of the city, two for the western suburb
of Haymont and two at large. One
member is to be chosen as superintendent,
who will be also superintendent of the
whole graded school system of Fayette-
ville. Some years ago the people of Fayette-
ville voted down a similar proposition to
levy a special school tax, and it remains
to be seen whether or not the neces-
sities of the case have brought about any
change of feelings. Thoughtful people
here insist that should the special tax
measure be adopted there should go
hand in hand with it a comprehensive
plan for increasing the efficiency and
elevating the standard of the graded
school, and that hereafter no one should
receive the position of teacher who has
not passed a vigorous and searching ex-
amination as to qualifications.

A fire in the distillery department of
the Australis Pine Product Company
destroyed property valued at \$2,000. The
plant is operated on the arden and
Rockfish Railroad, a few miles south-
west of this city, and recently it has
been thoroughly equipped with fine ma-
chinery and enlarged in capacity, turn-
ing out a considerable amount of a long
line of the products of the long leaf
pine.

A TOWN WIPED OUT

Grimsland, in Pitt County, Practically
Burned Up.

(Special to The Times-Dispatch.)
GREENVILLE, N. C., February 13.—
The town of Grimsland, Pitt county, was
practically wiped out by fire this eve-
ning. Fire started about 6 o'clock in an
upper story of J. J. Mason's store, burn-
ing both ways. It destroyed every build-
ing on the south side of the street. There
was a fire department or water supply,
and the fire could not be checked until
everything in reach burned, eleven build-
ings in all. Those burned out were J. J.
Mason, J. O. Proctor and Brother, H. F.
Proctor, J. J. Tedding, B. C. Tally and
Company, John Oden, the town hall, Dr.
C. M. Jones' office and J. W. Mayo's real
estate, several warehouses and small
buildings. Individual losses could not be
obtained to-night, but the aggregate will
reach \$25,000, not more than one-fourth of
which is covered by insurance. The same
town had a big fire just one year ago,
burning all the north side of the street, so
that now only one store is left there.

CHARGE OF CRUELTY

Prison Employees Contradict Testimony
Given at Marion.

(Special to The Times-Dispatch.)
RALEIGH, N. C., Feb. 13.—The spe-
cial committee to investigate charges of
cruelty to convicts in moving a squad
of 180 men from Spruce Pine to Marion
and thence to Raleigh, held a session
at the prison this afternoon and ex-
amined ten witnesses, mostly guards
and other prison employees who partici-
pated in moving the convicts. The
trend of the evidence was a total con-
tradiction of the testimony given yester-
day at Marion, all testifying that there
was no cruelty; that the condition of
the roads was not severe, and that the
men stood the march well. Dr. Rogers,
physician to the penitentiary, said
he examined the convicts on their ar-
rival at Raleigh, and found them in good
condition, except for a reasonable de-
gree of fatigue after the march and
railroad trip. There had been no sick-
ness from that cause.

STRUCK BY A TRAIN

C. C. Daye, of Centerville, Instantly
Killed Near Winston-Salem.

(Special to The Times-Dispatch.)
WINSTON-SALEM, N. C., February 13.—
Mr. C. C. Daye, of Centerville, was
found dead near the Southern Railroad
this morning, two and a half miles
below town. He was not positively iden-
tified until to-night, when the coroner
and jury viewed the body and made an
investigation. Mr. Daye was about fifty-
eight years old, and leaves a wife and
several children. From the evidence ob-
tained it appears that while walking
along the railroad track Mr. Daye was
struck by the train. Both legs were
broken, and other bruises were found
on the body and head. The body was
removed to the undertakers to-night and
prepared for burial.

MARRIAGE AT GOLDSBORO

(Special to The Times-Dispatch.)
GOLDSBORO, N. C., Feb. 13.—The
Temple of Ober Sholen congregation was
the scene yesterday afternoon of one
of the most beautiful and impressive
marriage ceremonies ever per-
formed in Goldsboro, when Miss Byrdie
Edwards, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Joseph
Edwards, of this city, became the wife
of Mr. Rudolph Skolowski, of Aus-
tustia, Ga. Rabbi J. L. Meyerberg officiated.

ANTI-SALOON LEAGUE

IS TO MEET MONDAY

Dev. J. Sidney Peters, of Hampton, hav-
ing declined to become State superinten-
dent of the Anti-Saloon League, the Ex-
ecutive Committee of that body will meet
Monday to take action looking to the
selection of some one else.

F. E. B.

We heard a man say the other morn-
ing that the abbreviation for February—
man looked from it in his mind. It was
apparent that he needed the kind of
warmth that stays, the warmth that
reaches from head to foot, all over the
body. We could have told him from
personal knowledge that Food's Bars
parilla gives permanent warmth, it in-
vigorates the blood and speeds it along
through every vein and artery, really fits
man and woman, boys and girls, to en-
joy cold weather and resist the attacks
of disease. It gives the right kind of
warmth, stimulates and strengthens at
the same time, and all its benefits are
lasting. There may be a suggestion in
this for you.

WATTS BILL IS DISCUSSED

Argument for and Against the
Measure in the Senate.

LONDON BILL IN SENATE

It is Favorably Recommended by the
Committee on Propositions and
Grievances and is Made Special
Order for Thursday Next.

(Special to The Times-Dispatch.)
RALEIGH, N. C., Feb. 13.—In the
House to-day Mr. Hinton, of Fagsquotank,
made the first speech on the Watts
whiskey bill. He spoke with vigor
and earnestness in favor of the bill. In
answer to a question by Mr. Morton,
Mr. Hinton admitted that he signed
a paper in his county before the elec-
tion to leave the whiskey question to a
vote of the people.

Mr. Benbow, of Yadkin, spoke
against the bill, and favored the amend-
ment offered by Mr. Morton to leave it
to a vote of the people. The Smith
bill was offered as a substitute by its
author for the original bill and all
amendments. It provides for a vote
by counties on all questions relating to
the whiskey traffic. Mr. Newland, of
Caldwell, advocated the Watts bill.

Mr. Murphy, of Rowan, offered his
bill, introduced several days ago, as a
substitute, and made a ringing speech
in its support.

At 2 o'clock the House took a re-
cess until 8 o'clock to-night, but the
Watts bill went over until to-morrow
as unfinished business. The only notable bill introduced in
the House to-day was by Mr. Robeson
for the relief and support of the State
University, appropriating \$35,000.

The session to-night was devoted to
local bills, except for the passage of
the bill to establish and enlarge librar-
ies of public schools in the State by
providing an additional \$15,000 appro-
priation.

IN THE SENATE

In the Senate to-day the House bill
to prohibit the sale of firecrackers over
three inches long, toy pistols, spring
and air guns, came up.

Mr. White wanted to strike out spring
and air guns. He thought that was
paternal legislation, the State doing
what should be left to parents and the
heads of families.

Mr. Thayer offered an amendment al-
lowing until August 1, 1903, to dispose
of stock on hand.

Mr. Wellborn offered an amendment
not to apply to Allegheny, Ashe and
Proctor, J. J. Tedding, B. C. Tally and
Company, John Oden, the town hall, Dr.
C. M. Jones' office and J. W. Mayo's real
estate, several warehouses and small
buildings. Individual losses could not be
obtained to-night, but the aggregate will
reach \$25,000, not more than one-fourth of
which is covered by insurance. The same
town had a big fire just one year ago,
burning all the north side of the street, so
that now only one store is left there.

After adopting all amendments and
excepting a number of counties, by a
vote of 22 to 15, the whole thing was
then tabled, and the defeat of the mea-
sure was greeted with applause on the
floor of the Senate and in the lobby.

WHISTLE BILL

The Senate bill, requiring railroads
to give notice by ringing the bell and
blowing the whistle of the approach of
trains to persons on the track, was
made the special order for next Wed-
nesday.

The Senate bill to establish a North
Carolina prison parole commission was
taken up, having been recalled from the
House, and after arguments was re-
ferred to the Judiciary Committee.

The House bill to incorporate the
North Carolina Farmers' Association
passed, as did a bill to allow the
State Library to exchange certain
publications with other States.

The Senate adopted a resolution of
respect to Dr. J. L. M. Curry and voted
to adjourn in his honor.

Senator Brown, for the Committee on
Propositions and Grievances, reported the
London saloon bill, with the recommen-
dation that it do pass. Senator War-
ren, for the minority, reported adverse-
ly, and the bill was made a special or-
der for next Thursday.

A CAPITAL OFFENSE

Mordica Cook May Be Tried for Bur-
glary and for His Life.

WELDON, N. C., February 13.—It was
a matter of comment in Northampton
county that The Times-Dispatch was the
first paper to publish a full report of the
Northampton case, in which Mordica
Cook, while intoxicated, broke in on Mrs.
J. M. Mordica and her daughters. Bur-
glary in North Carolina is a capital offense,
and unless Cook can prove that he was
too drunk to know what he was doing,
he will be tried for burglary, the penalty
of which is death by hanging.

The Weldon and Northampton Ferry
will be formally opened up for business
to-morrow. It will no doubt prove quite
a convenience.

\$3,000 Verdict for Injuries

(Special to The Times-Dispatch.)
GREENSBORO, N. C., February 13.—
W. C. Venable, a clerk, who was
injured two years ago by falling off an
elevator in the store of the Merchants'
Grocery Company here, got a jury ver-
dict in court to-night of three thousand
dollars against the company.

Revenue and Machinery Act

(Special to The Times-Dispatch.)
RALEIGH, N. C., Feb. 13.—The joint
Finance Committee has just quite fin-
ished the revision of the revenue act
so that it cannot be reported to the
Legislature before Monday or Tuesday.
It had been expected that it would be
introduced to-morrow.

VIRGINIA SONS OF
AMERICAN REVOLUTION

The following invitation has just been
issued:

The Virginia Sons of the American Rev-
olution cordially request your presence at
their anniversary celebration on Monday
evening, February 23, 1908, at 8:00 o'clock,
in the annex of Murphy's Hotel, Rich-
mond, Va. Refreshments there will be
served. Please respond as soon as practicable.

Yours very truly,
JOSEPH A. WHITE,
ARTHUR B. CLARKE,
SECRETARIES.

Committee Virginia E. A. B.

DR. KELLAM IS OPPOSED

Harvey Osteopath Bill Under
Heavy Fire.

AMENDMENT PROPOSED

Dr. Kellam's Counsel Asks That Bill Be
Modified so as to Protect Hospitals
Already Established—Osteopaths
and Christian Scientists.

There was another hearing on the osteo-
path bill of Senator Harvey, of Patrick,
last night, and after many speeches and
much testimony in opposition, the matter
went over until Monday night.

The greater portion of the evening was
given up to the advocates of the Kellam
Cancer Hospital, of this city, their case
having been conducted by Hon. Charles
V. Meredith and Hon. John Garland Pol-
lard.

Dr. George Ben Johnston and a large
number of physicians were present in the
interest of the measure, and the hall was
well filled with spectators.

Mrs. Dr. Bernard, of this city, was the
first witness in favor of the Christian
Scientists against the bill. Her testimony
was very interesting, and in the course
of her remarks she declared, in answer to
questions, that she had treated persons
successfully for broken limbs, and that
there was no necessity for people to die
if they only had the faith and received the
treatment of the scientists.

Hon. Joseph T. Lawless, of Norfolk,
counsel for the Christian Scientists, made
a brief speech against the bill, and ear-
nestly appealed to the committee not to
impose undue restrictions upon his clients.

His speech, while clear and forceful, was
only a very brief one, and he was followed
by Hon. John Garland Pollard, who spoke
for the Kellam Cancer Hospital.

MANY WITNESSES.

Mr. Pollard's speech was a very strong
one, and he earnestly appealed to the
committee in behalf of his clients.

He produced autograph letters from
seventy-three persons in Virginia, who
wrote that they had been cured by Dr. Kel-
lam.

After speaking for some time and mak-
ing evidence in favor of the bill, the com-
mittee, Mr. Pollard introduced a large
number of witnesses from this city, who
testified that either they themselves or
some friend had been cured by Dr. Kel-
lam.

The testimony of these witnesses was
most interesting in its nature, and was
heard by a large crowd.

Colonel John S. Harwood stated that he
had known Dr. Kellam a long time, and
he had seen many persons cured by him.
He thought there was no man doing
more good among the poor than Dr. Kel-
lam. He was sure he should be allowed
to practice his profession unhampered for
the sake of his patients.

Senator Harvey, the patron of the bill,
wanted to know if Dr. Kellam should
not allow the public to have the benefit
of his secret remedy. Colonel Harwood
spoke in the highest terms of Dr. Kel-
lam as a man and physician, and Mr.
Adams, a gentleman who had himself
been relieved of a malignant cancerous
affection, gave the hospital the highest
praise.

He had been treated by several
Richmond physicians without avail. He
produced the cancer preserved in alcohol,
but did not unwrap it, at the request of
the committee. He was now a clerk at
the hospital, and had been for two years.

He had been treated by several
Richmond physicians without avail. He
produced the cancer preserved in alcohol,
but did not unwrap it, at the request of
the committee. He was now a clerk at
the hospital, and had been for two years.

He had been treated by several
Richmond physicians without avail. He
produced the cancer preserved in alcohol,
but did not unwrap it, at the request of
the committee. He was now a clerk at
the hospital, and had been for two years.

He had been treated by several
Richmond physicians without avail. He
produced the cancer preserved in alcohol,
but did not unwrap it, at the request of
the committee. He was now a clerk at
the hospital, and had been for two years.

He had been treated by several
Richmond physicians without avail. He
produced the cancer preserved in alcohol,
but did not unwrap it, at the request of
the committee. He was now a clerk at
the hospital, and had been for two years.

He had been treated by several
Richmond physicians without avail. He
produced the cancer preserved in alcohol,
but did not unwrap it, at the request of
the committee. He was now a clerk at
the hospital, and had been for two years.

He had been treated by several
Richmond physicians without avail. He
produced the cancer preserved in alcohol,
but did not unwrap it, at the request of
the committee. He was now a clerk at
the hospital, and had been for two years.

He had been treated by several
Richmond physicians without avail. He
produced the cancer preserved in alcohol,
but did not unwrap it, at the request of
the committee. He was now a clerk at
the hospital, and had been for two years.

He had been treated by several
Richmond physicians without avail. He
produced the cancer preserved in alcohol,
but did not unwrap it, at the request of
the committee. He was now a clerk at
the hospital, and had been for two years.

He had been treated by several
Richmond physicians without avail. He
produced the cancer preserved in alcohol,
but did not unwrap it, at the request of
the committee. He was now a clerk at
the hospital, and had been for two years.

He had been treated by several
Richmond physicians without avail. He
produced the cancer preserved in alcohol,
but did not unwrap it, at the request of
the committee. He was now a clerk at
the hospital, and had been for two years.

He had been treated by several
Richmond physicians without avail. He
produced the cancer preserved in alcohol,
but did not unwrap it, at the request of
the committee. He was now a clerk at
the hospital, and had been for two years.

He had been treated by several
Richmond physicians without avail. He
produced the cancer preserved in alcohol,
but did not unwrap it, at the request of
the committee. He was now a clerk at
the hospital, and had been for two years.

He had been treated by several
Richmond physicians without avail. He
produced the cancer preserved in alcohol,
but did not unwrap it, at the request of
the committee. He was now a clerk at
the hospital, and had been for two years.

He had been treated by several
Richmond physicians without avail. He
produced the cancer preserved in alcohol,
but did not unwrap it, at the request of
the committee. He was now a clerk at
the hospital, and had been for two years.

He had been treated by several
Richmond physicians without avail. He
produced the cancer preserved in alcohol,
but did not unwrap it, at the request of
the committee. He was now a clerk at
the hospital, and had been for two years.

He had been treated by several
Richmond physicians without avail. He
produced the cancer preserved in alcohol,
but did not unwrap it, at the request of
the committee. He was now a clerk at
the hospital, and had been for two years.

He had been treated by several
Richmond physicians without avail. He
produced the cancer preserved in alcohol,
but did not unwrap it, at the request of
the committee. He was now a clerk at
the hospital, and had been for two years.

He had been treated by several
Richmond physicians without avail. He
produced the cancer preserved in alcohol,
but did not unwrap it, at the request of
the committee. He was now a clerk at
the hospital, and had been for two years.

He had been treated by several
Richmond physicians without avail. He
produced the cancer preserved in alcohol,
but did not unwrap it, at the request of
the committee. He was now a clerk at
the hospital, and had been for two years.

He had been treated by several
Richmond physicians without avail. He
produced the cancer preserved in alcohol,
but did not unwrap it, at the request of
the committee. He was now a clerk at
the hospital, and had been for two years.

He had been treated by several
Richmond physicians without avail. He
produced the cancer preserved in alcohol,
but did not unwrap it, at the request of
the committee. He was now a clerk at
the hospital, and had been for two years.

He had been treated by several
Richmond physicians without avail. He
produced the cancer preserved in alcohol,
but did not unwrap it, at the request of
the committee. He was now a clerk at
the hospital, and had been for two years.

He had been treated by several
Richmond physicians without avail. He
produced the cancer preserved in alcohol,
but did not unwrap it, at the request of
the committee. He was now a clerk at
the hospital, and had been for two years.

He had been treated by several
Richmond physicians without avail. He
produced the cancer preserved in alcohol,
but did not unwrap it, at the request of
the committee. He was now a clerk at
the hospital, and had been for two years.

He had been treated by several
Richmond physicians without avail. He
produced the cancer preserved in alcohol,
but did not unwrap it, at the request of
the committee. He was now a clerk at
the hospital, and had been for two years.

He had been treated by several
Richmond physicians without avail. He
produced the cancer preserved in alcohol,
but did not unwrap it, at the request of
the committee. He was now a clerk at
the hospital, and had been for two years.

He had been treated by several
Richmond physicians without avail. He
produced the cancer preserved in alcohol,
but did not unwrap it, at the request of
the committee. He was now a clerk at
the hospital, and had been for two years.

He had been treated by several
Richmond physicians without avail. He
produced the cancer preserved in alcohol,
but did not unwrap it, at the request of
the committee. He was now a clerk at
the hospital, and had been for two years.